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PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3487—*Ml.* 61-26-7, *dated* 30*th November* 1926.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, Mr. Chandrasekharaiya, is elected a Municipal Councillor of the Harnahalli Municipal Council, Hassan District in place of Mr. H. S. Ramegowda deceased.

No. L. 3497—*Ml.* 61-26-8, *dated* 30*th November* 1926.

Under Sections 10,11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation IV of 1926 and the rules framed thereunder the Minor Municipal Council of Konanur in the Hassan District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st December 1926.

A. Section 10 (1) *Elected Councillors* —

1. Mr. K. Narasimha Murti.
2. ,, K. Venkata Ramaiya.
3. ,, P. Muthanna Setti.
4. ,, Javare Gowda.
5. ,, Ninganna Setti.
6. ,, Seetharamaiya.
7. ,, Khaji Abedin Kheshigi.

B. Section 10 (1). (*b*) (1) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. P. Nanjappa Setti.
2. ,, B. Venktarangasetti.
3. ,, Gopalaiya.
4. ,, Kadasetti.
5. ,, Mahamad Ali Saib.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon at Konanur.
2. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Arkalgud Taluk.

No. L. 3579—*L. B.* 44-26-45, *dated* 3*rd December* 1926.

Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 2 acres of land out of Survey Number 26 of the Rajanahalli village, Harihar Sub-Taluk, declared for acquisition in Notification No. L. 8432—L. B. 45-24-72, dated 26th May 1925, as required for the shifting of the village as it is no longer required for the purpose.

No. L. 3606—*L. B.* 26-26-101, *dated* 3*rd December* 1926.

In supersession of the rules in force on the subject and in exercise of the powers vested in them by and under Section 65 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation 1926, and all other powers in this behalf, the following rules are made by the Government,

Election of Chairman.

1. When the Chairman dies, the Secretary and in the absence of the Secretary, the Patel of the Village in which the Panchayet office is located, and if the patel himself was the Chairman, the Shanbhog, shall report the fact to the Amildar forthwith.

2. When the Chairman of a Panchayet is permitted to be elected for the first time, the Patel, or when the place of an elected Chairman becomes vacant, the person who is required to send the report to the Amildar under the preceding rule, shall fix a date for the election of Chairman and give notice thereof to each panchayetdar at least seven days before the said date.

3. The panchayetdars present shall elect one from among those who do not wish to stand for election as Chairman to preside at the meeting. If all the panchayetdars wish to stand for election the meeting shall be dissolved and the fact intimated to the Amildar by a report signed by all the panchayetdars present at the meeting. The Amildar or any officer deputed by him shall, in such a case, as soon as possible preside at a meeting convened after notice of at least seven days and conduct the election. Every panchayetdar, desirous of standing for the place of Chairman shall notify his intention to the presiding panchayetdar or to the Amildar or other officer as the case may be.

4. If there is only one such candidate, he shall be deemed to have been elected.

5. If there are two or more such candidates, the presiding panchayetdar or officer shall ascertain, by show of hands or otherwise, the number of votes secured by each such candidate.

6. No panchayetdar shall vote for more than one candidate.

7. The presiding panchayetdar or officer shall declare the candidate for whom the largest number of votes have been given to have been duly elected. If two or more candidates secure an equal and higest number of votes, the presiding panchayetdar or officer shall cast lots for ascertaining which of them shall be declared to have been duly elected, in such manner as is approved by the majority of panchayetdars.

8. The presiding panchayetdar or officer shall publish the name of the successful candidate, in the office of the Panchayet. If no candidate stands for election, or if the members fail to elect a candidate, the Deputy Commissioner shall appoint the Chairman.

9. The presiding panchayetdar or officer shall, along with a copy of the minutes of the proceedings of the meeting signed by all the members present, forthwith communicate the result of the election to the Amildar.

Conduct of business at meetings.

10. Meetings of Panchayet shall be held at the office of the Panchayet or at any other place within the Village or Villages for which the Panchayet is established as the Chairman may, from time to time, determine.

11. All the meetings of a Panchayet shall be open to the public, provided that the Chairman or the presiding panchayetdar may, in any case, direct that the public generally or any particular person shall withdraw.

12. Meetings shall be either ordinary or special.

13. The date of the first meeting of the Panchayet shall be fixed by the Chairman and the date of each subsequent ordinary meeting shall be fixed at the previous meeting of the Panchayet.

14. Three days' notice and in cases of urgency, notice of shorter duration specifying the date and time of a meeting and the business to be transacted thereat shall be given to every panchayetdar.

15. If within half an hour after the time appointed for a meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting shall be adjourned unless the majority of the panchayetdars present agree to wait longer.

16. A panchayet may at any meeting transact any business other than that mentioned in the notice given under Rule 14, if the majority of the members present agree to do so.

17. No resolution of a panchayet shall be modified or cancelled within three months after the passing thereof, except by a resolution of the panchayet passed at a meeting by the votes of not less than one-half of the sanctioned strength of panchayetdars.

18. The business at meetings shall ordinarily be conducted in Kannada and the minutes of the proceedings at each meeting of a panchayet shall be entered in a book to be kept for

that purpose and shall be signed by the Chairman or presiding Panchayetdar, and such book, shall, at all reasonable times and without charge be open to the inspection of every voter in the village or of any person who pays any tax or cess to the Panchayet.

19. Within three days of the date of a meeting a copy of the minutes of the proceedings at such meeting shall be forwarded to the Amildar.

20. The Chairman of a Panchayet shall have the custody of the proceedings and records of the Panchayet and may grant copies of any such proceedings and records on payment of such fees as are prescribed for granting copies of Revenue records in the office of the Amildar. Copies shall be certified by the Chairman as provided in Section 76 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1892.

Chairman's Powers.

21. (1) Subject to the conditions, if any, imposed by the Panchayet, the Chairman may fine, suspend, reduce, dismiss or grant leave to, all officers and servants of the Panchayet.

(2) All orders passed by the Chairman are appealable to the Panchayet.

22. Every license or permission granted and every bill, notice or other document to be served or sent on behalf of or under the authority of the Panchayet shall be signed by the Chairman or the Secretary, if any, or a panchayetdar duly authorised by the Chairman in this behalf.

23. (1) The Chairman may summon any person either to give evidence or to produce or cause the production of documents, as the case may be, in respect of any question relating to taxation or to the grant of any license or permission under the Regulation and such person shall obey such summons, unless prevented from doing so for sufficient reasons.

(2) Every summon for the attendance of a person to give evidence or to produce a document shall specify the time and place at which he is required to attend, and also whether his attendance is required for the purpose of giving evidence or to produce a document, or for both purposes; and any particular document, which the person summoned is called on to produce, shall be described in the summons with reasonable accuracy.

Secretary.

24. The following qualifications are necessary for the appointment of Secretary :—

(1) Literacy.

(2) Capacity to maintain accounts and registers of the Panchayet and to draw up proceedings of the meetings of the Panchayet.

25. If there are two or more qualified candidates for the office of the Secretary, the choice shall be made by the Panchayet in such manner as the Panchayet determines.

26. The Secretary shall act under the general control of the Chairman and be responsible for the preparation and maintenance of all registers, accounts and records of the Panchayet.

27. The Secretary shall be entitled for his services to a remuneration not exceeding 5 per cent of the actual income of the Panchayet from taxes levied under Sections 36 and 37 during the official year.

Contracts and disposal of immovable property.

28. Every contract made by a Panchayet the value or amount of which exceeds Rs. 50 shall be in writing and signed by the Chairman and at least one other panchayetdar.

29. No immovable property vested in or belonging to a Panchayet other than the sites to be disposed of under rule 35 *infra* shall be transferred by sale, gift, mortgage or exchange or by lease for a period exceeding five years except with the sanction of the Amildar, provided that the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner shall be obtained in cases where the market value of the property exceeds Rs. 500.

Medical relief.

30. A Panchayet may make grant-in-aid to an indigenous medical institution if it is efficiently managed and satisfies the conditions, if any, imposed from time to time by the Panchayet and if it supplies a distinct want, provided that without the special sanction of the Deputy Commissioner a grant exceeding Rs. 100 a year shall not be made in any case.

Extensions of Village sites.

31. No land shall be used for the extension of villages or for new village sites unless it is approved by

(*a*) the Chief Sanitary Inspector or the Health Officer, if the sites proposed to be formed are intended to accommodate more than 50 houses,

(*b*) the Amildar in other cases.

32. All lands required for house sites and other sanitary improvements shall, if necessary, be acquired under the Land Acquisition Regulation at the cost of the Panchayet Fund.

33. Detailed plans showing the lay-out of the site roads and drains, open spaces, arrangement of building sites, etc., should be prepared and submitted to the Deputy Commissioner along with the application for the acquisition of the land.

34. After the acquisition proceedings are completed, the necessary improvements shall be effected and the lay-out completed before the sites are allotted.

35. The sites may be disposed of by auction or for an upset price as the Panchayet may determine, provided that the value fixed shall ordinarily cover in full the cost of the scheme.

Development of Eduction, Africulture and Industries.

36. A Panchayet may grant scholarships for training in agriculture, sericulture or other industries, subject to the following qualifications and conditions :—

(1) the applicant shall be a *bonafide* resident of the village or villages within jurisdiction of the Panchayet.

(2) the applicant has not sufficient means to undergo the training.

(3) he will, after the training, (a) take up an industry which will be useful to the inhabitants of the village or (b) adopt improved methods of agriculture on the land belonging to him, or to his family or situated in the village.

(4) the grant shall be subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner if the scholarship exceeds Rs. 10 a month or if it is tenable for more than two years.

Estoblishments.

37. The supervision of the public works requiring special skill not at the disposal of the Panchayet and executed at its cost may be entrusted to such agency and on such remuneration not exceeding 10 per cent of the outlay as the Government may, from time to time, determine generally or specially in any particular case.

38. No servant shall be punished without giving him an opportunity to explain.

Leave to Secretary and Chairman and Arrangements during leave.

39. The Chairman or Secretary shall not absent himself for a period exceeding fifteen days from the village or villages for which the Panchayet is constituted so as to be unable to satisfactorily perform his duties as such Chairman or Secretary, unless leave to so absent himself, which shall not exceed 3 months, has been granted by the Panchayet.

40. During the absence on leave or otherwise of the Chairman, the Secretary, if there is one, shall be in charge of Office of the Chairman. If there is no Secretary or if the Secretary himself is on leave, the Deputy Commissioner shall appoint one of the Panchayetdars to do the duties of the Chairman if the latter is a nominated Chairman. In all other cases and during the absence on leave or otherwise of the Secretary the Panchayet shall select one of the members to temporarily perform the duties of the Chairman or the Secretary as the case may be and shall intimate the fact to the Amildar immediately.

41. Whenever leave is granted under Rule 39, the fact shall be communicated to the Amildar who shall submit a report with proposals, if any, required for the conduct of the Chairman's work under Rule 40.

42. All transfers of charges of Chairman shall be reported to the Bank, Society or person in charge of the Panchayet Fund.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

Notice dated 2nd December 1926.

The public are hereby informed that portions of Survey No. 64 of Ketamaranahalli of Survey No. 63 of Hanumanthapur village, Bangalore Taluk, situated within the City Municipal limits have been made available for cremation and burial of corpses of Hindus. If any person has any objection as to the location of the said burial and cremation grounds, he may intimate the same in writing to the undersigned within a month from the date of publication of this notice, and no objections will be entertained afterwards.

J. V. MASCARENHAS,
Offg. *Municipal Commissioner.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD, BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated 1st December 1926.

It is hereby notified for the information of the General Public, that the Travellers' Bungalow at Kankanhalli has been closed for the use of the Public, on account of infection of the building till 10th of December 1926.

B. ABDUR RAHMON,
President, District Board